**Chapter 7**

__Involves breaking a norm.__

Theories that seek to explain the attraction of criminal behavior by identifying the social factors that drive people to commit deviance and crime are called ____________.

Theories that seek to explain the attraction of criminal behavior by identifying the social factors that impose deviance, crime, or conventional behaviors on people are called ____________.

If children grow up in an environment where the people they care about teach them it is acceptable to choose a deviant lifestyle, then the child is likely to become deviant as well. This is an example of ____.

What are some of the factors that explain the decline of crime in the 1990s?

Most sociologists agree that the disproportionately high arrest, conviction, and incarceration rates of African Americans are due to ____________.

According to sociological research, capital punishment is an effective deterrent to crime. True or False

What are the dimensions of deviance and crime according to John Hagan?

**Chapter 8**

Class position in a stratification system is determined by ____________, according to Max Weber.

According to Blau and Duncan, stratification in America is based mainly on ____________.

The idea that society is organized in layers or strata is called ____________.

Social mobility within a single generation is called ____________.

Researchers combined income, education, and occupational prestige data to construct an SEI or ______ ____ ______ of occupational status.

**Chapter 9**

Variations in income and wealth between countries is known as ______

___________ theory views economic underdevelopment as the result of exploitive relations between rich and poor countries.

According to ____________ theory, global inequality results from various dysfunctional characteristics of poor societies themselves.

Those who see globalization merely as homogenization ignore the ____________ of the world, the division of the world into different and often competing economic, political and cultural areas.

The term to describe the simultaneous homogenization of some aspects of life and the strengthening of some local differences under the impact of globalization is ____________.

Globalization began about ____ years ago with the onset of colonialism, according to your textbook.

What are some of the ways in which semiperipheral countries differ from peripheral countries, according to the textbook?

Neoliberal globalization promotes ____________.
### Chapter 10

Racial differences are based on ___________

What are some of the reasons that the term “Hispanic American” is more widely used now than it was 30 or 40 years ago?

According to the sociological perspective, ethnic labels and identities are created out of social necessity -- even those that seem most fixed and "natural." True or False

An attitude that leads someone to judge a person on his or her group’s real or imagined characteristics is called_____

What is unfair treatment of people due to their group membership?

An __________ is composed of people whose perceived cultural makers are deemed socially significant.

In ecological theory, a minority group blending into the majority population and eventually disappearing as a distinct group is called _______

Robert Blauner's theory of internal colonialism examined ____________

Affirmative action is a policy that gives preference to minority group members if equally qualified people are available for a position. True or False

A minority group is a group of people who are socially disadvantaged although they may be in the numerical majority. True or False

### Chapter 11

Economic development, from foraging societies to post-industrial societies contributed to gender inequality according to the sociological perspective. True or False

Scholars who see gender differences as a reflection of naturally evolved dispositions are approaching gender from which theoretical position?

For a social constructionist, gender is “constructed” by what two features of social life?

What are the three major sociohistorical processes contributing to the growth of gender inequality?

The glass ceiling is a social barrier that makes it difficult for women to rise to the top level of management True or False

What are some of the factors that contribute to the gender gap in earnings?

_______ is your identification with, or sense of belonging to, a particular sex.

Your _____ depends on whether you were born with distinct male or female genitals and a genetic program that released either male or female hormones to stimulate the development of your reproductive system.

When you behave according to widely shared expectations about how males or females are supposed to act, you adopt a ____

### Chapter 12

Tall people live ____, earn ____, reach the ____, and were elected to _____ more often than their shorter opponents.

Rehabilitation of the disabled includes ______, _______, _______, and _______.

Sociologically speaking, a category of people born in the same range of years is called an ___________

____________________ refers to social inequality between age cohorts.

According to Brym and Lie, the apparently natural processes of death and dying are really_______

Prejudice, discrimination, and unintended negligence against the disabled is called ___________

_________________________ is a prejudice about and a discrimination against, elderly people

Societies in which elderly men rule are called __________

One of the main reasons for the relative economic security of the elderly is that they ______________

A ______ is composed of members of an age cohort who have unique and formative experiences during their youth: